

HOMEWORK TO PASS THE SUBJECT OF GEOGRAPHY AND HISTORY



NAME:.....

Delivery date: ____ **Setember 2018**

These activities are useful to prepare the Setember exam of Geography and History of 3th ESO

- The activities must be hand over to the teacher before the exam starts
- To do these activities you must consult the 3th ESO book
- **Homework that you have to do:**
 - **Define the following concepts, events and key figures.**
 - **Sumarise or do a conceptual map of the following parts**
- The exam questions will be extract from these tasks.

Pay attention: to pass the subject you must present all the task done correctly!!!.

The task will be worth 20% and the exam 80%

1.- Define the following vocabulary words:

Topic 0: physical geography, human geography, latitude, longitude, map, cartographic scale, topographic map, thematic map, relief curves.

Topic 1: state, nation, constitution, civil servant, political position, universal suffrage, censorship suffrage, democratic state, non-democratic state, centralized state, decentralized state, liberal state, social status, parliamentary monarchy, parliamentary republic, referendum.

Topic 3: primary sector, secondary sector, tertiary sector, active population, inactive population, occupied population, unemployed population, natural landscape, agricultural landscape, subsistence agriculture, market agriculture, reservoir, continental shelf, aquaculture, transgenic crops.

Topic 4: heavy industry, light industry, industry, limited company, joint-stock company, industrial relocation, technology park.

Topic 6: Quaternary sector, social services, wholesale trade, retail trade, export, import, trade balance, balance of payments, tour operator, tourist seasonality, fair trade.

2. Study the relief units of Spain (pages 12 and 13)

3. . Paint the map of the climates of Spain and define their landscapes (page 20-21)



4) The political organization of societies Answer these questions

1. What is the Constitution? Why do you think the constitution is necessary?
2. What is the main difference between referendums and elections?
3. Explain the main characteristics of democratic elections.
4. What do you understand by the term freedom of expression?
5. Who are the heads of State in a constitutional monarchy? And in a parliamentary republic?
6. Explain the differences between a liberal state and a social state
7. What is the difference between a centralized state and a decentralized state?

6) The political and territorial organization of Spain and the Balearic Islands: do and study the provincial map on page 33 and the map of the Autonomous Communities on page 34.



7) Develop a map of the countries that make up the EU with the phases of its construction (page 36)



8) Primary sector activities

8.1 Fill in the missing information in the following table:

ENVIRONMENTAL FACTORS	HUMAN FACTORS

8.2 Choose the appropriate description:

A) Plot size can be:

- a) Small, medium or large b) Regular or irregular c) Open or enclosed

B) The shape of plots and fields can be:

- a) Open or enclosed b) Regular or irregular c) Small, medium or large

C) Depending of the type of boundary, they can be:

- a) Regular or irregular b) Open or enclosed c) Small, medium or large

8.3 Fill in the columns of the table below with the missing information about farming systems:

FARMING SYSTEMS				
DEPENDING ON THE CROP PURPOSE	DEPENDING ON THE CROP VARIETY	DEPENDING ON THE WATER IT RECEIVES	DEPENDING ON HOW THE LAND IS USED	DEPENDING ON HOW THE LAND IS WORKED

9. secondary sector activities

9.1 Indicate whether the following statements are true (T) or false (F):

- a) Raw materials are natural substances that are used to make processed products. ____
- b) Energy sources are natural resources that provide the energy required to power machines. ____
- c) Mining and industry are primary sector activities. ____
- d) Mining is an activity that extracts rocks and minerals from the earth and subsoil. ____
- e) Construction uses a variety of materials, especially steel and concrete. ____
- f) Production factors are processed products. ____

9.2 Place the following raw materials in the table below, according to their origin:

limestone — copper — leather — wheat — iron — wool — lead
 corn — gold — rubber — gemstones — clay — seafood — coal

BIOLOGICAL		GEOLOGICAL	
VEGETABLE	ANIMAL	MINERAL	ROCK AND FOSSILS FUELS

9.3 Place the following industries in the table below, according to the products they manufacture:

chemical — shipbuilding — foodstuff — machinery — petrochemical — steel — textile

PRIMARY INDUSTRIES	CAPITAL GOODS INDUSTRIES	LIGHT INDUSTRIES

10. Complete the table about these services

CATEGORY	DEFINITION	EXAMPLES
DISTRIBUTION		
BUSINESS		
SOCIAL		

11. Complete the following table about transport systems.

TRANSPORT	ADVANTAGES	DISADVANTAGES
ROAD		
RAIL		
MARITIME		
AIR		

12. Write a text about the causes that motivated the increase in tourism and which ones are Consequences of this increase, both positive and negative

13. The study of the population. Complete the following exercises:

a) An imaginary country had a population of 51,655,000 inhabitants. This year, there were 720,000 births and 540,000 deaths. Of these deaths 5,200 were under one year old. 4,000 people were leaving the country and there were 49,000.

Calculates: birth rate, mortality rate, child mortality rate, vegetative growth, migratory balance, real or absolute growth.

b) A country had 51.250.000 inhabitants in 2010. During this year, there were 1.790.000 Births and 920,000 deaths, of which 36,000 were under the age of one. To this state there were 12.000 people from other countries. They left the country to looking for a job 60.000 people. The surface area of this country is 125.000 km².

Calculates the same rates for the previous year and also the population density.

c) A country had a total population of 67.320.700 inhabitants in 2002. This year it had 2.423.500 births and 942.000 deaths; Of these deaths, 117.000 were under one year old. A total of 93.765 people left the country and 8.345 arrived. The surface area of this country is 125.632 km².

Calculate all rates and population density.

From the results it is deduced whether it is a developed or underdeveloped country. Reason the answer

14. Analyse a pyramid of population

